The second issue of SPC, Volume 2, is readily available once again. As we are getting to our third year in publication as a non-profit, open-access journal, every new issue nurtures our motivation to make it an even better and more beneficial scholarly journal. This issue has five articles that tap into important content areas, as well as the first book review to be published in SPC. It has three original articles and three research articles.

Two of the original articles have similar objectives. The authors make effort to inquire into previously well-established schools of therapy, addressing spirituality from these approaches and pointing out strategies for psychotherapy practitioners. Okan & Ekşi address logotherapy, while Akça-Koca deals with Satir’s Family Therapy based on a similar approach.

Two of the research articles deal with death and the closely related phenomenon of loss and grieving. Yukay-Yüksel, Güneş, & Akdağ share their correlational study investigating the relationship of death anxiety and meaning in life among middle-aged adults. Kara presents a qualitative study on university students’ religious approaches during the grieving process in her paper. Isgandarova presents another qualitative study, with a considerable amount of literature on the issue of violence towards pregnant women and women in general in the context of Azerbaijan, as well as the role of Islamic teachings in this phenomenon. The book review by Sevgi-Yalın is a neatly written and informative review of a new book by Schroder; it falls within the aim of SPC’s journal-content and is deemed applicable to SPC readers.

In the meantime, there have also been other developments regarding SPC. Being cited in scholarly works and having positive feedback from our readers are good signs of acceptance as well as a rewarding experience for the editorial and technical teams that deal with the journal. The journal’s availability and recognition has extended further after being included within new content platforms and indexes. SPC is now available on-line through many university e-resources as well as the conventional web. We as the editorial board once again express that we are thankful to the authors, copy editors, our editorial members, and readers who have supported SPC thus far. And we extend our call for researchers and practitioners all over the world to contribute to the scientific literature on spiritual psychology and counseling by publishing in SPC.

Sincerely,

Halil Ekşi, Ph.D.